MA.5.NSO.2.5

Overarching Standard: MA.5.NSO.2 Add, subtract, multiply and divide multi-digit numbers.

Benchmark of Focus

Multiply and divide a multi-digit number with decimals to the

MA.5.NSO.2. tenths by one-tenth and one-hundredth with procedural ⁵ reliability.

Example: The number 12.3 divided by 0.01 can be thought of as? × 0.01 = 12.3 to determine the quotient is 1,230.

Benchmark Clarifications:

Clarification 1: Instruction focuses on the place value of the digit when multiplying or dividing.

Related Benchmark/Horizontal Alignment

- MA.5.NSO.1.1/1.2/1.3/1.4
- MA.5.FR.2.3
- MA.5.AR.2.2/2.3
- MA.5.M.1.1
- MA.5.M.2.1
- MA.5.GR.2.1

Vertical Alignment Previous Benchmarks

• MA.4.NSO.2.6

Next Benchmarks • MA.6.NSO.2.1

Terms from the K-12 Glossary

- Equation
- Expression

Purpose and Instructional Strategies

The purpose of this benchmark is for students to multiply multi-digit numbers with decimals to the tenths by .1 and by .01 with procedural reliability. Procedural reliability refers to the ability for students to develop an accurate, reliable method that aligns with a student's understanding and learning style. Fluency of multiplying and dividing multi-digit whole numbers with decimalsis not expected until Grade 6 (MA.6.NSO.2.1).

- When multiplying and dividing, students should continue to use the number sense strategies built in MA.5.NSO.2.4 (estimation, rounding, exploring place value relationships). Using these strategies will helps students predict reasonable solutions anddetermine whether their solutions make sense after solving.
- During instruction, students should see the relationship between multiplying and dividingmulti-digit numbers with decimals to multiplying and dividing by whole

numbers. Students extend their understanding to generalize patterns that exist when multiplying or dividing by 10 or 100 (MTR.5.1).

• Instruction may include the language that the "digits shift" relative to the position of the decimal point as long as there is an accompanying explanation. An instructional strategythat helps students see this is by putting digits on sticky notes or cards and showing how the values shift (or the decimal point moves) when multiplying by a power of ten. For example, a teacher could show one card with a 3 and another with a 5 and place them onthe left and right of a decimal point on a blank place value chart. The teacher could then ask students to multiply by ten and shift both digits one place left to show the equation $3.5 \times 10 = 35$. They could ask students to multiply by $\frac{1}{10}$ and show that $3.5 \times \frac{1}{10} =$

0.35. Instruction may also include using the language "moving the decimal point" as long as there is an explanation about what happens to a number when multiplying anddividing by 0.1 and 0.01. Moving the decimal point does not change its meaning; it always indicates the transition from the ones to the tenths place. From either point of view, when the change is made it is important to emphasize the digits have new placevalues. (MTR.2.1, MTR.4.1, MTR.5.1).



Common Misconceptions or Errors

Students can confuse that multiplication always results in a larger product, and thatdivision always results in a smaller quotient. Through classroom discussion, estimation and modeling, classroom work should address this misconception.

Questions to ask students:

Explain how 3.5 X 10 = 35.

• Sample answer that indicates understanding: When I multiply by 10 the decimal point moves one place to the right therefore 5 tenths shifts to 5 ones which yields the product 35.

Explain how $\frac{1}{10} \times 15 = 1.5$

• Sample answer that indicated understanding: I'm decomposing the factor 15 into 10 equal size groups so there are 1.5 in each group. I know that 1 x 15= 15 one tenth is less

than 1. I tenth of 15 shifts the digit 5 from the ones place to the tenths place to yield the product 1.5.

Instructional Tasks Instructional Task 1

Part A. What is $\frac{1}{10}$ times 15?

Part B. How many dimes are in \$1.50?

Part C. Write an expression to represent how many dimes are in \$1.50.

Instructional Items

Instructional Item 1

Which compares the products of 7.8×0.1 and 7.8×10 correctly?

- a. The product of 7.8×0.1 is 100 times less than the product of 7.8×10 .
- b. The product of 7.8×0.1 is 10 times less than the product of 7.8×10 .
- c. The product of 7.8×0.1 is 100 times more than the product of 7.8×10 .
- d. The product of 7.8×0.1 is 10 times more than the product of 7.8×10 .

e.

	Benchmark		Context	Assessment Limits
BenchmarkMA.5.NSO.2.5 Explore the multiplication and division of multi-digit numbers with decimals to the hundredths using estimation, rounding and place value.Example: The quotient of 23 and 0.42 can be estimated as a little bigger than 46 because 0.42 is less than one-half and 23 times 2 			Mathematical	N/A
ALD 2	ALD 3	ALD 4		LD 5

multiplies and	multiplies and	explores the	multiplies and divides
divides multi-digit	divides multi-digit	multiplication and	multi-digit numbers with
numbers with	numbers with	division of multi-digit	decimals to the hundredths
decimals to the	decimals to the	numbers with	using estimation, rounding,
tenths using models	hundredths using	decimals to the	and place value.
based on place value	models based on	hundredths using	identifies an error and
and the properties of	place value and the	estimation, rounding,	multiplies and divides a
operations.	properties of	and place value.	multi-digit number with
multiplies and	operations.	multiplies and divides	decimals to the tenths by
divides a multi-digit	multiplies and	a multi-digit number	one-tenth and one-
whole number by	divides a multi-digit	with decimals to the	hundredth with procedural
one-tenth.	number with	tenths by one-tenth	reliability.
	decimals to the	and one-hundredth	
	tenths by one-tenth	with procedural	
		reliability.	

Additional Resources:

<u>CPALMS</u>

Resources/Tasks to Support Your Child at Home:

<u>Multiply a multi-digit number with decimals to the tenths by one-tenth and one-hundredth</u> <u>game</u>

<u>Divide a multi-digit number with decimals to the tenths by one-tenth and one-hundredth</u> <u>game</u>